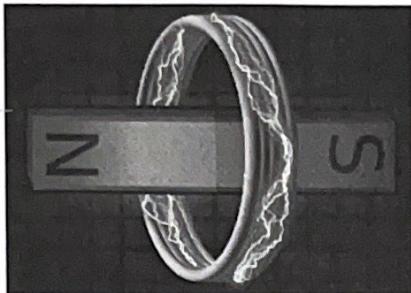


Mid unit Review (Lessons 10-13)

Key

Magnetism Escape Room prep

Intro page



on Desmos.com
(using Google pw)

15 (how far they get)

Instructions:

On a piece of paper, solve each of the problems. At the end of this activity, you will be taking a picture of your work to hand in on Teams.

Your answers will unlock the next room.

Good luck and have fun! ☺

Code to enter room 1 (go to next page to enter answer):

Unlike magnetic poles _____ (write your answer in all CAPS)

Code: ATTRACT

7 characters
in answer

Room #1

Magnetic Field lines go from N to S

For the right hand rule your thumb points in the direction of the current.

Left hand rule is used for electron flow.

This symbol means the current is moving into the page.

Parallel wires, carrying current in the opposite directions, will repel.

Do as a
review
activity
in groups
- a race for
chocolate
or bonus
marks.

extra spaces @
end of answer
cause problems

Code: E R F T I
 B Y G A O

5 characters
in answer

Hint: Use the first letter of each word/phrase (all caps).

Code: ERFTI

if having trouble try
ctrl+a and delete then
type answer again

Teacher Desmos
sign in w Google

Phys 12
Magnetism Escape Room

ATTRACT

ERFTI

318A2.3TC

WPPD

B1.1NDOWNCB2.8 $\times 10^7$ -13N

0.85TC13N

ELINRIPELE

7.4TCD

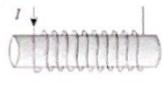
Create
Terms
Assign
to them
to hand
it on.

include units
label by row
hand in work
no spaces
all caps

Room 2

red

An electric current flows through a solenoid as shown below.

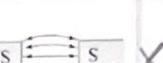


What is the direction of the magnetic field inside the solenoid?

A. $\vec{B} \rightarrow$
 B. $\vec{B} \leftarrow$
 C. $\vec{B} \uparrow$
 D. $\vec{B} \downarrow$

yellow

Which of the following diagrams best shows the magnetic field lines between the poles of two permanent magnets?

A. 
 B. 
 C. 
 D. 

3

$$4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$

$$B = \mu_0 I \frac{N}{l}$$

$$N = \frac{BL}{\mu_0 I}$$

$$= 318$$

The magnetic field at the centre of a solenoid of length 0.25m is 1.2×10^{-2} T.
 The current in the windings is 7.5 A.
 How many loops does it have?
 Answer with a whole number.

Code:

318

A

J.3T

C

Code: 318A2.3TC

Room 3

In the right-hand rule, your R palm points in the direction of the force.

In a simple DC motor, a loop of wire passes through a magnetic field.

Moving charges are deflected by magnetic fields.

The largest force happens when charges are moving perpendicular to the magnetic field.

2

Code: Y G P D

Y

Hint: Use the first letter of each word/phrase (all caps).

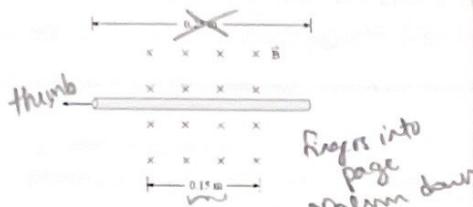
Code: ~~WPPD~~
 WPPD

$$F = BIl$$

Room 4

$$\uparrow = 1.1\text{N}$$

A wire carrying 12A of current is placed in a magnetic field of strength 0.63T.



What are the magnitude and direction (up, down, right, left, into page, or out of page) of the magnetic force acting on the wire?

$$F = qNB$$

$$= 2.8 \times 10^{-13}\text{N}$$

blue

A proton is travelling at $2.3 \times 10^6\text{m/s}$ in a circular path in a 0.75T magnetic field. What is the magnitude of the force on the proton?

Answer format: #.#x10^-##N

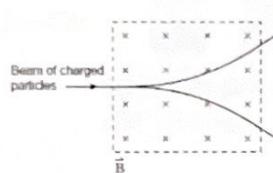
green

3

An armature rotates as a loop of wire passes through a magnetic field. The ends of the loop are attached to a split ring commutator that is connected to a DC battery. (first letters only)

red

A beam of positively and negatively charged particles enters a magnetic field as shown. Which paths illustrate the positive and negative charges leaving the magnetic field region?



PATH OF POSITIVE CHARGES	PATH OF NEGATIVE CHARGES
I	I
I	II
II	I
II	II

Code:

B

1.1 N down CB

2.8x10^-13N

Y

C

B

Hint: no spaces between answers. Use upper case X for scientific notation.

For + RHR
For - LHR

fingers into page (\vec{B})
thumb current
palm force

2 characters
in answer

Code: B1.1NDOWNCB2.8X10^-13N

Radius 5

$$F_c = F_m$$
$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = qvB$$
$$B = \frac{mv}{qr} = \frac{(1.67 \times 10^{-27})(3.5 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s})}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19})(4.3 \times 10^{-3})} = 0.850 \text{ T}$$

Red

A proton travels through a magnetic field at a speed of $3.50 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}$ perpendicular to the field. If the radius of the arc of the deflected proton is $4.30 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$, what is the magnetic field strength?

Yellow

Electrons are accelerated from rest through a potential difference. These electrons pass undeflected through a perpendicular magnetic ($2.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$) and electric ($1.5 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$) fields. What is the accelerating voltage?

Code:

Hint: Leave red as decimal number 0.1. Still use all capitals.
Don't use sci note for these answers.
In this room.

Code: 0.85TC121V

10 characters

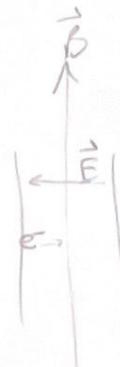
blue

An alpha particle travels at a speed of $3.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$ through a magnetic field with a strength of $4.2 \times 10^{-1} \text{ T}$. What is the radius of the path of the electron when the magnetic field is parallel to the direction of the electron's travel?

A. 1.5m B. 0.75m C. No deflection

$$F_c = F_m$$
$$qE = qvB$$
$$v = \frac{E}{B} = \frac{1.5 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}}{2.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}} = 6.5217 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

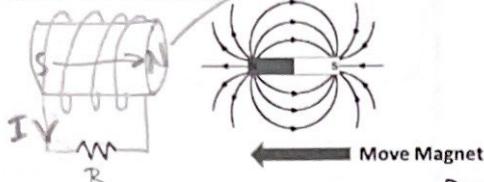
$$E_p = E_k$$
$$qV = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$
$$V = \frac{1}{2} \frac{mv^2}{q}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{(9.11 \times 10^{-31})(6.5217 \times 10^6)^2}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}}$$
$$= 121 \text{ V}$$



Room 6

3) The process of producing an induced emf in a conductor by the use of a magnetic field is called electromagnetic induction.

Find Induced Current Direction



Y right
Y left
Y right (left or right?) through the resistor?

12

Maximum flux occurs when the field lines are perpendicular to the plane of the loop.

4) Lenz's Law: The induced current flows in a direction as to produce a magnetic force that opposes the direction of the applied force.

Code: 

10 characters
in answer

This time: Include the first TWO letters from each word, all capitalized, in your answer.

Code: E L I N R I P E L E B

$$\Phi = BA$$

$$B = \frac{\Phi}{A}$$

$$= \frac{0.13}{10.075^2}$$

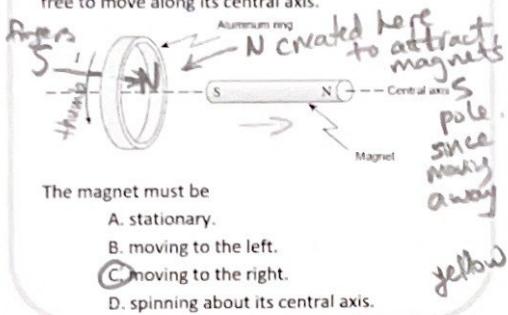
$$= 7.4T$$

Room 7

Blue

The flux through a circular coil with a radius of 0.075m is 0.13Wb when placed perpendicular to a magnetic field. What is the strength of the magnetic field?

The diagram below shows an aluminum ring and the current induced in it by the nearby magnet that is free to move along its central axis.



Code: 7.4T C D

Code: 7.4TCD

Last Room



Please Submit copy of work on assin in Teams
Have a great summer!

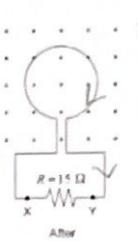
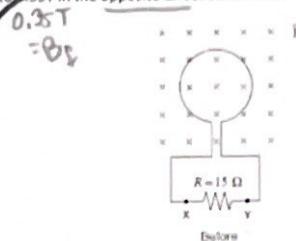
All the best in your future

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{N\Delta\Phi}{\Delta t} = -\frac{-1(B_i - B_f)A}{\Delta t}$$

$$= -\frac{1(-0.35 - 0.75)0.3}{0.45}$$

$$= 0.782V$$

A loop of wire of area $0.32m^2$ is placed in a $0.75T$ magnetic field as shown. The magnetic field is changed to $0.35T$ in the opposite direction in $0.45s$.



What are the magnitude and direction of the current length through the 15Ω resistor?

	MAGNITUDE OF CURRENT	DIRECTION OF CURRENT
A	0.019 A	X to Y
B	0.019 A	Y to X
C	0.052 A <input checked="" type="radio"/>	X to Y
D	0.052 A <input checked="" type="radio"/>	Y to X

$$V = IR$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$= 0.782$$

$$15\Omega$$

$$= 0.052A$$

B charged to be out of page so Lenz's says current created B into page

- thumb into page (B)

\rightarrow fingers curl cw causing current y to x (I)

↑ using other rule

Desmos

Custom - to create new activity

copy pages from other activity by going to preview click on

" in upper left

"ctrl V" into new activity on left side where mini screens appear

Create page in word, snip, save as pdf, on new Desmos page

media

or

sketch
~~background~~
can write on

Code: ---