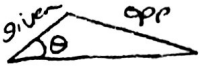
Summary of steps:

① Sketch situation

② Is side opp the angle longer than other given side?

Yes? Then one △ : 

, solve it

No? Then continue...

③ Find height of △

$\sin\theta = \frac{h}{\text{given}}$

$h = (\text{given})(\sin\theta)$

④ Possibilities:

- opp = h, then right ∠ △, one triangle 

- opp > h (but < given), then 2 △'s

acute

and

obtuse

- opp < h, then 0 triangles.

opp can't reach if it is shorter than △ height